Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
Ll	4519	(move or moving or transfer\$3 or copying) same (updat\$3 or modification or modifying or modify) same (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 09:59
L2	2311	(move or moving or transfer\$3 or copying) same (updat\$3 or modification or modifying or modify) same (data or record or table or information) same (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 09:59
IJ	254	(move or moving or transfer\$3 or copying) with (updat\$3 or modification or modifying or modify) with (data or record or table or information) with (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:16
L4	19	3 and "707"/\$.ccls.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:00
L5		"5742815".pn.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:14
L6	1	5 and (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:14
L7	86	3 and sync\$8	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:15
L8	58	7 and @AD<"19991214"	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:15
L9	58	8 not 4	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	ÖR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:15
L10	1	sync\$8 with (move or moving or transfer\$3 or copying) with (updat\$3 or modification or modifying or modify) with (data or record or table or information) with (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:17
LII	1	sync\$8 with (move or moving or transfer\$3 or copying) with (updat\$3 or modification or modifying or modify) with (data or record or table or information) with (simultaneous\$2 or paralel\$ or coexistent or coexisting or concurent\$2)	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO; DERWENT ; IBM_TDB	OR	OFF	2005/10/13 10:17



STIC Search Report

STIC Database Tracking Number: 168359

TO: Cam-Linh T Nguyen Location: RND 3C21

Art Unit: 2161

Thursday, October 13, 2005

Case Serial Number: 09/461072

From: Emory Damron Location: EIC 2100

RND 4B19

Phone: 571-272-3520

Emory.Damron@uspto.gov

Search Notes

Dear Cam-Linh,

Please find below your fast and focused search.

References of potential pertinence have been tagged, but please review all the packets in case you like something I didn't.

Of those references which have been tagged, please note any manual highlighting which I've done within the document.

In addition to searching on Dialog, I also searched EPO/JPO/Derwent.

There may be a few decent references contained herein, but I'll let you determine how useful they may be to you.

Please contact me if I can refocus or expand any aspect of this case, and please take a moment to provide any feedback (on the form provided) so EIC 2100 may better serve your needs. Good Luck!

Sincerely,

Emory Damron

Technical Information Specialist

EIC 2100, US Patent & Trademark Office

Phone: (571) 272-3520

Emory.damron@uspto.gov





Access DB# 168356

Scientific and Technical Information Center

Requester's Full Name: Nguyer, Com Linh Examiner #: 79821 Date: 10/12/05 Art Unit: 2161 Phone Number 36 2-4024 Serial Number: 09/461, 072 Mail Box and Bldg/Room Location: RNO - 3C21 Results Format Preferred (circle): PAPER DISK E-MAIL
If more than one search is submitted, please prioritize searches in order of need

Title of Invention: <u>Data Synchsunization System and Nethod</u> Inventors (please provide full names): <u>(The gonat</u> , Sandho
Earliest Priority Filing Date: 12/14/99
For Sequence Searches Only Please include all pertinent information (parent, child, divisional, or issued patent numbers) along with the appropriate serial number.
- copy (controller or module) - copy data file - sync. with (parallel or concurently or some time
Fast + Focused
(XCOPY)

STAFF LISE ONLY C

EIC 2100

Questions about the scope or the results of the search? Contact the EIC searcher or contact:

Anne Hendrickson, EIC 2100 Team Leader 272-3490, RND 4B28

/oluntary Results Feedback Form					
>	I am an examiner in Workgroup: 2161 Example: 2133				
>	Relevant prior art found, search results used as follows:				
	☐ 102 rejection				
	103 rejection				
	☐ Cited as being of interest.				
	Helped examiner better understand the invention.				
	Helped examiner better understand the state of the art in their technology.				
	Types of relevant prior art found:				
	☐ Foreign Patent(s)				
	 Non-Patent Literature (journal articles, conference proceedings, new product announcements etc.) 				
>	Relevant prior art not found:				
	Results verified the lack of relevant prior art (helped determine patentability).				
	Results were not useful in determining patentability or understanding the invention.				
Со	mments:				

Drop off or send completed forms to STIC/EIC2100 RND, 4B28



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Set
        Items
                Description
S1
      4358923
                COPY? OR COPIE? OR WRITE? OR STORE? OR RECORD?
S2
      1497726
                WRITING? OR WRITTEN? OR STORING? OR STORAG?
S3
      5795732
                CONTROLLER? OR MODULE? OR UNIT? OR SERVER? OR APPARATUS? OR
              COMPUTER? OR HARDWARE? OR PROCESSOR?
      2142937
S4
                UPDATE? OR UPDATING? OR UPGRAD? OR AMEND? OR CHANGE? OR MO-
             DIF? OR ALTER?
                DETECT? OR TRACK? OR MONITOR? OR ASCERTAIN? OR AUDIT?
S5
      2603105
S6
      1552623
                RECOGN? OR EVALUAT? OR ANALY? OR ASSESS? OR DETERMIN?
S7
      1076964
                SYNCHRON? OR "SAME"() TIME? OR CONTEMPORAN? OR SIMULTAN? OR
             SYNC????
                CONCURREN? OR COINCID? OR DURING? OR WHILE? OR WHILST? OR -
S8
      4021519
             PARALLEL?
S9
      2645612
                PLURAL? OR MULTIP? OR MULTITUD? OR SEVERAL? OR MANY OR NUM-
             EROUS? OR BULK? OR VOLUM?
S10
      2393521
                DATA? OR FILE? OR TABLE? ? OR RECORD? ?
S11
      3659992
                FIRST? OR INITIAL? OR BEGINNING? OR PRIMARY? OR 1ST OR SOU-
             RCE?
S12
       262444
                ORIGINAL? OR ONSET? OR EARLIEST? OR PREMIER? OR SEMINAL?
S13
      6095593
                2ND OR SECOND? OR ANOTHER? OR OTHER? OR ADDITIONAL? OR NUM-
             BER()(2 OR TWO)
S14
       849156
                EXTRA? OR BACKUP? OR AUXILIARY?
S15
         5728
                INTRODUCTORY? OR NUMBER() (ONE OR 1) OR LEADOFF? OR LEAD?()-
             OFF
      1249894
S16
                IC=G06F?
S17
       940541
                MC=T01?
S18
        39349
                S1:S2 AND S4 AND S3 AND S7:S8 AND S10
S19
         1571
                S18 AND S1:S2(5N)S3 AND S4:S6(5N)S3 AND S1:S2(5N)S7:S8
S20
          349
                S19 AND (S11:S12 OR S15) (5N) (S10 OR S1:S2)
S21
          172
                S19 AND S9(5N)S10
                S19 AND S10(5N)S1:S2(7N)S7:S8
S22
          964
S23
          323
                S22 AND S20:S21
S24
          52
                S20 AND S21
S25
          213
                S23 AND S16:S17
S26
          238
                S24:S25
S27
       814071
                PR=2000:2005
S28
          228
                S26 NOT S27
S29
          228
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S30
          289
                S20:S21 AND S16:S17
S31
          275
                S30 NOT S27
S32
          275
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S33
          294
                S29 OR S32
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2005/Jun (Updated 051004)
         (c) 2005 JPO & JAPIO
File 350: Derwent WPIX 1963-2005/UD, UM & UP=200565
         (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent
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33/3,K/79 (Item 40 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 015554516 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 2003-616671/200358 Related WPI Acc No: 2003-455849; 2003-746542; 2005-344508 XRPX Acc No: N03-491084 Dynamic database table synchronization method for computer system, involves resuming active transaction of table on source node when associated uncommitted changes is sent to destination node Patent Assignee: MICROSOFT CORP (MICT) Inventor: BERKOWITZ B T; CHRISTOFFERSON P A Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 20030105768 A1 20030605 US 99342852 Α 19990629 200358 B US 2003336174 Α 20030103 US 6934727 B2 20050823 US 99342852 Α 19990629 200556 US 2003336174 Α 20030102 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99342852 A 19990629; US 2003336174 A 20030103 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 20030105768 A1 43 G06F-007/00 Div ex application US 99342852 Div ex patent US 6529921 US 6934727 B2 G06F-017/30 Div ex application US 99342852 Div ex patent US 6529921 Dynamic database table synchronization method for computer system, involves resuming active transaction of table on source node when associated uncommitted changes is sent to destination node Abstract (Basic): The record data (223) including committed changes to a table on a source node (202) interspersed with static table

- , is sent to a destination node (203). An identical copy of the table including the committed changes , is produced on the destination node. An active transaction of the table , is paused on the 'source node, and is resume when associated uncommitted changes is sent to the destination node.
- 1) computer -readable medium storing dynamic database table synchronization program; and...
- ...For synchronizing dynamic database table in computer system including hand-held device, multiprocessor system, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, personal computer, minicomputer and mainframe computer connected to networks (claimed) such as Internet, intranet, local area network (LAN) and wide area...
- ... Enables dynamically changing table to be copied from one computer to another while still incorporating changes , without requiring activity on the table to be stopped for any significant time period
- ... The figure shows the block diagram of the dynamic database table synchronization system...
- ... record data (223 ... Title Terms: DATABASE ;

```
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00 ...
... G06F-017/30
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05B4A ...
... T01-J05B4M ...
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... T01-S03

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33/3,K/80
              (Item 41 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
015377149
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2003-438087/200341
Related WPI Acc No: 2003-662241
XRPX Acc No: N03-349420
          synchronization system between secondary system and distributed
  system, includes synchronization modules which process records in
  at least one main, replica and secondary databases using mapped
  records
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: LEE A J; ZONDERVAN Q Y
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                     Date
                             Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                   Date
                                          P
US 6516327
             B1 20030204 US 98113941
                                                 19981224 200341 B
                             US 99404800
                                            Α
                                                 19990924
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 98113941 P 19981224; US 99404800 A
  19990924
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                         Main IPC
                                     Filing Notes
US 6516327
                 25 G06F-017/30
              В1
                                    Provisional application US 98113941
         synchronization system between secondary system and distributed
  system, includes synchronization modules which process records
  at least one main, replica and secondary databases using mapped
  records
Abstract (Basic):
           At least one modification database stores an entry
    corresponding to the main database record , the replica database
    record , the secondary database record . An update indicator shows
    whether the record has been updated since the first
    synchronization . Synchronization modules process the records
at least one main, replica and secondary databases using mapped
    records in the identification tables .
           a) a method for synchronizing data between secondary systems
    and distributed systems...
...b) a processor readable medium...
... Used for synchronizing data between secondary system and distributed
    system...
... Facilitates the use of electronic devices with the distributed database
     systems. Allows user to synchronize the data across multiple
    databases and ensure synchronization of data periodically ...
... The figure shows a database storage structure...
Title Terms: DATA ;
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05B4A ...
... T01-J05B4M ...
... T01-S03
```

33/3,K/115 (Item 76 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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012769571 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1999-575794/199949

XRPX Acc No: N99-424953

Synchronous and integrated data management system for distributed stored in multiple database - updates data databases synchronously , based on updating demand from client Patent Assignee: NEC CORP (NIDE)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Week Kind Date 19990917 JP 9851097 JP 11249943 Α Α 19980303 199949 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 9851097 A 19980303 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 11249943 A 10 G06F-012/00

Synchronous and integrated data management system for distributed database

- ... updates data stored in multiple databases synchronously, based on updating demand from client
- ... Abstract (Basic): NOVELTY An updating management unit (34) updates data stored in database (13), when updating demand from a client is delivered by an updating demand delivery unit (43). A search unit searches another database, which stores similar to database (13). When updating demand is detected, synchronous updating of data is performed in the two databases . DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for synchronization management method...
- ... USE For synchronous and integrated data management for distributed database

... ADVANTAGE - Enables collective updating of databases connected to a network, on real time basis without need for special application. Maintains version uniformity of data stored in all databases and simplifies application related to system construction. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows block diagram of synchronous management unit . (13) Database; (34) Updating management unit; (43) Updating demand delivery unit .
Title Terms: SYNCHRONOUS;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H

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(Item 109 from file: 350)
33/3,K/148
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
011693191
             **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-110101/199810
XRPX Acc No: N98-088210
   Synchronising
                  data between portable and desk-top personal computer
  systems - has second computer system which synchronises with
  different computer systems each having different data , and
  identifying and selecting first
                                    computer system that is synchronised
   based on unique name indicators
Patent Assignee: APPLE COMPUTER INC (APPY )
Inventor: ALLEY P E; SMITH W R
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001
Patent Family:
Patent No.
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
US 5710922
                  19980120
                            US 9372606
                                                19930602 199810 B
             Α
                                           Α
                            US 95575013
                                            Α
                                                19951218
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9372606 A 19930602; US 95575013 A
  19951218
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
US 5710922
             Α
                  24 G06F-017/30
                                    Cont of application US 9372606
   Synchronising
                  data between portable and desk-top personal computer
  systems...
... has second computer system which synchronises with different
  computer systems each having different data , and identifying and
  selecting first
                    computer system that is synchronised based on
  unique name indicators
... Abstract (Basic): Each record
                                   stored in the memory of the first
    computer system that is intended to be synchronized is identified.
    The records are identified with a unique identification indicia and
    an indicia that indicates the last time that the record was altered
    . Using the time of the last synchronization information, each of the
    selected records that was added to or deleted from one of the
    computer systems since the last synchronization is identified and
    added to or deleted from the other computer system...
... Further, each of the records that was modified on one computer
    system is modified on the other. If conflicting actions have occurred
    on the two computer systems, then the conflicts are handled in
    accordance with a predetermined protocol. In a preferred aspect, a
    synchronization list is created that identifies each of these
    additions, deletions and modifications and either prioritises them in
    accordance with the protocol or informs the user of the...
... ADVANTAGE - Desktop computer can be used as back-up for portable
    computer in event of memory crash...
Title Terms: SYNCHRONISATION;
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-G03 ...
... T01-G05B ...
```

... T01-H01C4 ...

... T01-J05B2

33/3,K/162 (Item 123 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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011541529 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1997-518010/199748

XRPX Acc No: N97-431133

Image forming apparatus with electronic sorting function - reads last image data from first memory and simultaneously writes image data on corresponding area according to updated memory address

Patent Assignee: CANON KK (CANO)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 9245157 A 19970919 JP 9654632 A 19960312 199748 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 9654632 A 19960312

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 9245157 A 15 G06T-001/00

Image forming apparatus with electronic sorting function...

- ...reads last image data from first memory and simultaneously writes image data on corresponding area according to updated memory address
- ...Abstract (Basic): The apparatus a divider unit which divides a single memory to a set of areas. A memory address is generated based on the divided areas. Based on the generated memory address, a first memory stores an image data from the set of areas. A first read-out unit reads out the stored image data. The read image data are stored in a second memory. A second read-out unit reads out the image data stored in the second memory...
- ...The stored image data is then output visible, by an output unit, thereby updating a memory address by an updating unit. As the last unit from the first memory unit, simultaneously, the image data are written on the corresponding area of the memory, according to the updated memory address...
- ... Title Terms: APPARATUS;
- ... Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J10A ...
- ... T01-J10A2 ...
- ... T01-J10E

33/3,K/165 (Item 126 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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011239411 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1997-217314/199720

XRPX Acc No: N97-179297

File synchronous method of multi host structure system - involves transferring copy of updated first synchronous file from first host to second host according to first synchronous definition, to perform renewal processing of second synchronous file

Patent Assignee: NEC CORP (NIDE)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 9062556 A 19970307 JP 95234714 A 19950821 199720 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 95234714 A 19950821 Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 9062556 A 8 G06F-012/00

File synchronous method of multi host structure system...

- ...involves transferring copy of updated first synchronous file from first host to second host according to first synchronous definition, to perform renewal processing of second synchronous file
- ...Abstract (Basic): The method involves making a first synchronous file (1-4) of a first host (1) to perform occupancy exclusion of updating job during starting processing by a first exclusion management unit (1-1), according to a first synchronous definition (1-2). When occupancy exclusion demand of a second synchronous file (2-4) of a second host (2) is notified to a second exclusion management unit (2-1), the demand result is waited...
- ...Then the occupancy exclusion of the second synchronous file is successful. The occupancy exclusion of the first synchronous file is changed to share exclusion and reference to that file is performed without any interruption. The first exclusion management unit (1-1) performs occupancy exclusion release of the first synchronous file during final processing of updating job, after notifying occupancy exclusion release demand of the second synchronous file to the second exclusions management unit. A file transfer unit (1-3) transfers copy of updated first synchronous file to the second host according to the first synchronous definition, to perform renewal processing of the second synchronous file.
- ...ADVANTAGE Avoids generation of deadlock between hosts at time of **file** transfer. Enables to maintain conformance of **synchronous file** contents among **multiple** hosts

Title Terms: FILE ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-F02C ...

... T01-F05E

33/3,K/171 (Item 132 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 011087163 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1997-065087/199706 XRPX Acc No: N97-053632 Data queue synchronisation method for asymmetric reflective memories - involves storing queue element in global write only address space of reflective memory which is copied to local read/ write address space of second processor Patent Assignee: DIGITAL EQUIP CORP (DIGI) Inventor: CARDOZA W M Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5588132 A 19961224 US 94326682 Α 19941020 199706 B Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94326682 A 19941020 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes US 5588132 A 14 G06F-013/14 Data queue synchronisation method for asymmetric reflective memories ...involves storing queue element in global write only address space of reflective memory which is copied to local read/ write address space of second processor ...Abstract (Basic): The method for **synchronising data modification** involves **storing** a queue element in a global **write** -only address modifications space of an asymmetric reflective memory of a first processor . The asymmetric reflective memory copies the queue element to a local read/ write address space of a second processor . The queue element stores common data to be shared by the processors . A queue header is stored in the global write -only address space of the first processor . The asymmetric reflective memory copies the queue header to the local read/ write address space of the second processor .

...The second processor, in response to detecting the queue element, reads the queue header and disables it. The common data stored in the queue element is processed by the second processor. The queue element is marked as processed in the global address space of the asymmetric reflective memory. The memory copies the queue element to a local read/write address space of the first memory after marking

... USE/ADVANTAGE - Synchronises addition and removal of elements of queues stored as common data structure in reflective memories concurrently accessed by networked computers with introducing additional delays in operation of computer system

Title Terms: DATA;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-013/14

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H01A ...

... т01-н03в

33/3,K/181 (Item 142 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 010683139 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1996-180094/199618 XRPX Acc No: N96-151301 Register status protection appts. with micro-controller - detects simultaneous occurrence of instruction and update signal and selectively transfers status bit or data bit to register under control of detector Patent Assignee: KONINK PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV (PHIG); PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NV (PHIG); PHILIPS NORDEN AB (PHIG); PHILIPS ELECTRONICS NORTH AMERICA CORP (PHIG) Inventor: BIRNS N; GOODHUE G; OSTLER F; ROY S; SCHOLANDER K; BIRNS N E; GOODHUE G K; OSTLER F L; SHOLANDER K A Number of Countries: 019 Number of Patents: 007 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 9608770 A2 19960321 WO 95IB673 19950822 Α 199618 WO 9608770 A3 19960530 WO 95IB673 Α 19950822 199633 EP 729604 A1 19960904 EP 95927069 Α 19950822 199640 WO 95IB673 Α 19950822 JP 9505429 W 19970527 WO 95IB673 Α 19950822 199731 JP 96510024 Α 19950822 US 5655135 19970805 US 94308059 Α Α 19940916 199737 EP 729604 · B1 20021113 EP 95927069 Α 19950822 200282 WO 95IB673 Α 19950822 DE 69528815 Ε 20021219 DE 628815 Α 19950822 200307 EP 95927069 Α 19950822 WO 95IB673 Α 19950822 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 94308059 A 19940916 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes WO 9608770 A2 E 13 G06F-012/16 Designated States (National): JP KR Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE WO 9608770 AЗ G06F-012/16 EP 729604 1 G06F-009/308 Based on patent WO 9608770 A1 E Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT NL JP 9505429 W 19 G06F-012/16 Based on patent WO 9608770 US 5655135 Α 8 G06F-015/00 EP 729604 B1 E G06F-009/308 Based on patent WO 9608770 Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB IT NL

...detects simultaneous occurrence of instruction and update signal and selectively transfers status bit or data bit to register under control of detector

Based on patent EP 729604 Based on patent WO 9608770

G06F-009/308

Register status protection appts. with micro-controller

DE 69528815

...Abstract (Basic): The appts. has a microcontroller with a register (114) to **store** a status bit (HWDATA) in response to an **update** signal (HWUPDATE) and a device for functionally preventing the register from being overwritten by a **data** bit (WRITEDATA) in response to a **write** signal (**WRITEST**) associated with a read- **modify** - **write** (RMW) instruction if the **update** signal and the instruction occur

simultaneously .

- ...A detector (123, 124) detects **simultaneous** occurrence of the instruction and the **update** signal. A transfer device (115, 116, 119) selectively transfers the status bit or the **data** bit to the register under control of the detector
- ...Abstract (Equivalent): In a computer system having a first register comprising first means to store a hardware modifiable bit in response to a hardware update signal, said first means being connected to a bus, and second means for executing a read- modify write operation by generating a read- modify write signal...
- ...a) third means for selectively preventing overwriting of said first means during a read-modify write operation if said stored hardware -modifiable bit has been updated by a hardware during the read-modify write operation, said third means comprising...
- ...i) a protection flip-flop for **storing** a first state indicating whether said stored **hardware modifiable** bit has been **updated** by said **hardware during** the read- **modify write** operation, said protection flip-flop having an output...
- ...output and the first switch control input and having an input connected to receive a write control signal, said first gating means in response to a write control signal and an output from the protection flip-flop indicating it is not in...
- ...producing an output to the first switch control input which is operable to allow a write portion of the read-modify write operation to overwrite the first means, said first gating means in response to a write control signal and an output from the protection flip-flop indicating it is in its...
- ...producing an output to the first switch control input which is adapted to prevent a **write** portion of the read- **modify write** operation from overwriting the **first** means...
- ... Title Terms: APPARATUS;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-009/308 ...

- ... G06F-012/16 ...
- ... G06F-015/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-009/34 ...
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H01C4 ...

33/3,K/184 (Item 145 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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010513510 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1996-010461/199601

XRPX Acc No: N96-009115

Re- synchronising secondary and primary database of automatic call distribution system - suspending selected database update functionality of redundancy controller and copying files and shared memory in phase from redundant to primary controller while continuing to other operations

Patent Assignee: ASPECT TELECOM CORP (ASPE-N)

Inventor: BUTENSKY M J; COLLINS K T; GIBBS R A; GRAFFT C A; JOHNSON E M;
YANG Y

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 5469503 A 19951121 US 9397632 A 19930727 199601 B
US 93138547 A 19931014

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9397632 A 19930727; US 93138547 A 19931014

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 5469503 A 6 H04M-003/00 Cont of application US 9397632

Re- synchronising secondary and primary database of automatic call distribution system...

- ...suspending selected database update functionality of redundancy controller and copying files and shared memory in phase from redundant to primary controller while continuing to other operations
- ... Abstract (Basic): The method involves using a **controller** (26) to test for match...
- ...or synchronisation between detail tables of a primary system controller (12) and a secondary system controller (112) in a mass storage complex (18,118). If the detail tables are...
- ... synchronised , a copying process is skipped. Otherwise, the detail...
- ... tables are copied to the primary system controller through...
- ...dedicated data transfer path (40) e.g. Ethernet link to the mass...
- ... storage complex. During the copying process, the secondary database is locked against updating of configuration information, allowing redundancy restoration to begin. The database files are copied to the inactive controller to re-synchronise system configuration...
- ...If the ACD is equipped with voice system, the voice system database is copied to the inactive controller. If certain...
- ...portion of memory (16,116) is shared, the contents are subject to modification, thus shared memory operations are suspended and the relevant regions are copied under control of the controller to inactive RAM. During RAM copying, no terminal inputs is accepted and no incoming calls are answered. But all queued calls...

```
... controller are unlocked and controller causes a switch over in...

...control to the primary system controller .

...re- synchronisation by primary system controller .

Title Terms: SYNCHRONISATION;

...International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-011/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-G03 ...

... T01-G05A ...

... T01-J05B4
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33/3,K/208
              (Item 169 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
009496653
WPI Acc No: 1993-190189/199324
XRPX Acc No: N93-146166
 High speed disk array storage system data check appts. -
  simultaneously transfers write data to storage devices, executing
 write checking process equivalent to read checking process in read
 operation
Patent Assignee: FUJITSU LTD (FUIT )
Inventor: NISHIYAMA S
Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                          Week
EP 546839
              A2 19930616 EP 92311313
                                           Α
                                               19921210
                                                         199324
EP 546839
              A3 19940216 EP 92311313
                                           Α
                                               19921210
                                                         199518
US 5477552
                 19951219 US 92987680
              A
                                           Α
                                              19921209
                                                         199605
EP 546839
              B1 19980318 EP 92311313
                                           Α
                                              19921210
                                                         199815
DE 69224800
              E 19980423 DE 624800
                                           A 19921210
                                                         199822
                            EP 92311313
                                           Α
                                               19921210
Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 91330340 A 19911213
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pq
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
EP 546839
             A2 E 21 G11B-020/18
  Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
US 5477552
                   19 G06F-011/10
             Α
EP 546839
             B1 E 21 G11B-020/18
  Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
DE 69224800
             Ε
                      G11B-020/18
                                   Based on patent EP 546839
EP 546839
             А3
                      G11B-020/18
```

High speed disk array storage system data check appts...

- ... simultaneously transfers write data to storage devices, executing write checking process equivalent to read checking process in read operation
- ... Abstract (Basic): A disk array system contains a number of storage devices. Error detecting codes for a host device are checked and stored in a register unit (46...
- data are divided and stored . Error detecting codes for the storage devices are generated and transmitted through paths used for the read data .
- ...The write data are recombined into host data and error detecting codes for the host device are generated. The generated codes are compared (48) with the codes stored in the register unit to check whether they correspond ...
- ... A similar method is used to test for errors in read data .
- ... USE/ADVANTAGE E.g. in disk array system with number of magnetic disk drives. Allows data to be simultaneously input and output. High speed operation. Fault tolerant system. High reliability

- ...Abstract (Equivalent): A disk array system contains a number of storage devices. Error detecting codes for a host device are checked and stored in a register unit (46...
- ...The write data are divided and stored . Error detecting codes for the storage devices are generated and transmitted through paths used for the read data .
- ...The write data are recombined into host data and error detecting codes for the host device are generated. The generated codes are compared (48) with the codes stored in the register unit to check whether they correspond...
- \dots A similar method is used to test for errors in read data .
- ...USE/ADVANTAGE E.g. in disk array system with number of magnetic disk drives. Allows data to be simultaneously input and output. High speed operation. Fault tolerant system. High reliability
- ... Abstract (Equivalent): For data checking in a storage system such as a disk array system which includes several storage devices, write data have error detecting codes for a host device thereof checked and stored in a register unit , write data are divided, error detecting codes for storage devices are generated, and write are written in storage devices are simultaneously transferred through paths used for read data . write data are combined into host data, error detecting codes for host device are generated, and generated codes are compared with codes stored in register unit so as to check whether they correspond to each other. Alternatively , read data have error detecting codes for storage devices thereof checked and stored in a register unit . In that case read data are combined into host data to be transferred through host device, combined data is transferred through paths used for write data are divided into storage device data, error detecting codes for storage devices are generated, and generated codes are compared with codes stored in register unit so as to check whether they correspond to each other ...

...Title Terms: STORAGE; International Patent Class (Main): G06F-011/10 ... Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-G01A ...

33/3,K/224 (Item 185 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. 008815653 **Image available** WPI Acc No: 1991-319666/199144 XRPX Acc No: N91-245053 Shared data concurrency controlling method for data processor has data blocks each with two control fields one being changed at start of update and other being changed at end of update Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC) Inventor: AMOLD M E; ARNOLD M E; BATE G P Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 005 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week EP 454610 19911030 EP 91480058 Α Α 19910329 199144 EP 454610 A3 19920805 EP 91480058 19910329 Α 199336 US 5255387 Α 19931019 US 90515895 19900427 Α 199343 EP 454610 B1 19950222 EP 91480058 Α 19910329 199512 DE 69107506 E 19950330 DE 607506 Α 19910329 199518 EP 91480058 Α 19910329 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 90515895 A 19900427 Patent Details: Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes EP 454610 Α Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB US 5255387 8 G06F-015/40 Α B1 E 11 G06F-017/30 EP 454610 Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB DE 69107506 G06F-017/30 Based on patent EP 454610 Ε Shared data concurrency controlling method for data processor -...has data blocks each with two control fields one being changed at start of update and other being changed at end of update ... Abstract (Basic): The method involves handling data **update** and query operations each data block having two control fields. Before any data in the shared memory is modified , one of the control fields has its value modified . The shared memory data is then modified and then the second control field is updated to the same new value as the first control field. During a query operation the data and the control fields of interest are read into private storage . The values of the control fields are compared and if different the data is ignored until the values are consistent... ...ADVANTAGE - Provides performance improvement in accessing shared data . (9pp Dwg.No.2/5) ... Abstract (Equivalent): Method for concurrency control of shared data updates and queries in a data processing system comprising a shared memory, which comprises a shared set of data (404) consisting of a plurality of records (402) comprising data fields, said data processing system comprising at least a computer (100) having access

to shared memory, each **computer** comprising private **storage**, **update** completing means for sequentially up dating **records** in the shared memory and query means for **concurrently** querying **records** in shared memory in response to a query request, said method being characterised by the steps of: in an **update** operation, a) for each **record** to be

updated in shared memory, where first and second control fields are associated with each record , setting (200) a first one of said first and second control fields in shared memory to a value different ...

- ...present value, so that values of first and second control fields differ, indicating that the records are in the process of being updated, b) updating (202-208) the data fields of the records, and c) setting (212) the value of the second control field in shared memory to the value of the first control field indicating that the update is completed; and in a query operation, d) copying (302) records to be queried and their associated first and second control fields from shared memory to private storage, and e) denying the query request (304) for any record in which the values of the first and second control fields in private storage are not equal; and f) repeating (310,312) steps d) and e) for the query operation if the values of the control fields in private storage are not equal...
- ...Abstract (Equivalent): Before any data in the shared memory are modified, a value different from the present value is written in one of the control fields. The data are then updated. The other shared memory control field is updated to the new value, making the values of the control fields identical once again...
- ... During query operations, the data and control fields of interest are coped into a private storage. The values of the control fields in the private memory are compared. If the values are equal, the data in the private storage are considered to be consistent. Otherwise, the data are considered to be in the process of being updated and are ignored until the values of the shared memory control fields become equal...
- \dots USE/ADVANTAGE Increasing system throughput in data management systems
- ... Title Terms: DATA ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/40 ...

... G06F-017/30

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-009/46
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-F02 ...

... T01-J05B

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(Item 211 from file: 350)
33/3,K/250
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
007874192
WPI Acc No: 1989-139304/198919
XRPX Acc No: N89-106376
  PC multi- processor system with multiple memories - has co- processor
  updating both video and shadow buffers simultaneously when controlling
  video buffer
Patent Assignee: IBM CORP (IBMC ); INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: FOGG R G; IRWIN J W
Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 004
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                     Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
              Α
                                          A
EP 315321
                  19890510 EP 88309184
                                                19881003
                                                         198919
US 5008816
              Α
                  19910416
                            US 87117615
                                            Α
                                                19871106
                                                          199118
EP 315321
              B1 19950104
                            EP 88309184
                                            Α
                                                19881003
                                                          199506
DE 3852695
              G
                  19950216
                            DE 3852695
                                            Α
                                                19881003
                                                          199512
                            EP 88309184
                                            Α
                                                19881003
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 87117715 A 19871106
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
             A E 18
EP 315321
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
EP 315321
             B1 E 18 G06F-015/16
```

PC multi- processor system with multiple memories...

G06F-015/16

Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB

DE 3852695

- ...has co- processor updating both video and shadow buffers simultaneously when controlling video buffer
- ...Abstract (Basic): The system includes at least a main processor, a w-processor and a video buffer store coupled to accept data from either of the processors for display. In order to maintain a record of data for display from the w-processor when the main processor is controlling the video buffer, a shadow buffer is provided. This maintains an updated version of display data from the w-processor at all times...

Based on patent EP 315321

- ...When the main **processor** is controlling the video buffer, the w-processor accesses the shadow buffer. When the w-processor is controlling the video buffer, it updates both the video and the shadow buffer simultaneously.
- including a first processor (12) and a second processor (22), a first memory (18) independently accessible by each processor, and a second memory (24), characterised in that the second processor (22) is capable of simultaneously accessing both the first and second memories (18, 24) for write operations when the first processor (12) is not accessing either of the memories so to maintain a copy in the second memory of the record of data written in the first memory, and is capable of accessing the second memory (24) when the first processor is accessing the first memory (18), so continuing to maintain a copy in the second memory of the record of data and in that the first processor (12) is capable of accessing the second

- memory (24) for read operations to transfer said **copy** of **data** from the second memory to the first memory (18) prior to the second **processor** (22) being given access to the first memory...
- ...Abstract (Equivalent): circuit that provides read access to the memory location. The memory system also includes the controller that receives control information. A writing circuit is further included that provides write access to either only a first portion of the memory locations, or simultaneously several portions of the memory locations, is designed by the control information. This invention further includes a memory system that provides several memory locations for the storage of information together with the controller having a first port and a second port. The first port provides access to the
- ...Still further, the invention includes a memory system having a first group of memory locations that store information in accordance with the first address range and a second group of memory locations. The two groups of memory locations are connected to a controller that provides write access to the first group of memory locations in a response to write commands, having addresses within the first address range and simultaneously writing each write command address in the second group of memory locations...

...ADVANTAGE - Chances operation of RT **processor** with AT coprocessor. (17pp Dwg.No.4/11)

... Title Terms: PROCESSOR;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-015/16

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/02 ...

... G06F-013/10

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-C04 ...

... T01-H01A ...

... T01-J02B

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33/3,K/252
              (Item 213 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
007813095
WPI Acc No: 1989-078207/198911
XRPX Acc No: N89-059748
 Random access memory wit dual port addressing - allows concurrent read
 and write operations with memory cells cross-coupled by active circuit
Patent Assignee: TEKTRONIX INC (TEKT
Inventor: GREUB H J
Number of Countries: 004 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                           Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
EP 306661
              Α
                  19890315 EP 90104141
                                          Α
                                                19900303
                                                         198911 B
US 4833649
              Α
                  19890523 US 8793931
                                            Α
                                                19870908 198924
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 8793931 A 19870908
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
EP 306661
             A E 11
   Designated States (Regional): DE FR NL
US 4833649
             Α
    allows concurrent read and write operations with memory cells
 cross-coupled by active circuit
... Abstract (Basic): The dual port memory has a matrix of memory units ,
   each comprising a pair of memory cells. Each cell within a unit
   stores a signel data bit and is independently accessible for read/
   write operations via separate data , address and control buses.
   However the cells are cross-coupled so that if the bit state in one
   cell is changed during a write operation the other cell changes
   to the same state at the end of the write operation...
...an active circuit which provides any additional charging current which
   may be needed after the write operation to minimise the
   cross-coupling effect on data
                                   write speeds...
... ADVANTAGE - Read and write operations can be concurrent without loss
   of processing speed.
... Abstract (Equivalent): The memory unit has two ports, each comprising
   busses for conveying control and data signals. A pair of memory cells
   are provided, one corresponding to each port. Each cell stores a
   single data bit of one of first and second states, and is
   independently read and write accessed through the corresponding port.
   The memory cells are cross-coupled so that when the state of a bit
   stored by one of the cells of the memory unit is changed when
   write accessed, the other cell of the memory unit changes the
   state of its stored bit following the write access of said one cell
...of the cross-coupling signal in accordance with the state of the memory
cell being write accessed. (9pp)1
...Title Terms: CONCURRENT;
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-013/16 ...
... G06F-015/16
```

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H01D ...

... T01-H05B ...

... T01-J02

33/3,K/265 (Item 226 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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007175259

WPI Acc No: 1987-172268/198725

XRPX Acc No: N87-129311

Database processing device with updating lock - has concurrent processing through terminals and executes record update only if data

has not been updated by another terminal Patent Assignee: OKI ELECTRIC IND CO LTD (OKID)

Inventor: HANIUDA H; HIKITA S; KAWAKAMI S; SAKAMOTO A; YAMAMOTO H

Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 003

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week GB 2184575 19870624 198725 B Α GB 8531786 Α 19851224 US 85813077 US 4821175 Α 19890411 Α 19851224 198917 GB 2184575 В 19891011 198941

Priority Applications (No Type Date): GB 8531786 A 19851224; US 85813077 A 19851224

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 4821175 A 22

Database processing device with updating lock...

- ...has concurrent processing through terminals and executes record update only if data has not been updated by another terminal
- ...Abstract (Basic): A database processing device (10) executes concurrent processing in accessing a database (11) through independent terminal units. The device upon a request through a specific terminal to update data stored in a record in the database after reading out the data (15), confirms (17) whether the data has been updated by another terminal or not, and executes updating (18) only when the data has not been updated. A information memory lock has inputs and outputs for receiving and/or delivering data from and/or to the database. The data stored includes update control information for the confirmation...
- ... Abstract (Equivalent): A database processing device for receiving data including instruction information and record designation information from a plurality of independent terminal units and concurrently processing data stored in a record in a database designated by said record designation information, comprising: transmission means for receiving or transmitting data from or to said terminals; database control means for receiving the data from said transmission means, controlling siad execution of said processing in conformity with said instruction information included ins aid data , and deliverying data available as a processed result to said transmission means; retrieval means for retrieving a record designated by the record designation information included in the received data, an delivering data stored in said record and including updata control information; update means for updating stored in the record designated by the record said **data** designation inforamtion of the received data to include the same received data but including the update control inforamtion, and

delivering data including information indicative of completion of the updating; concurrent execution control means for receiving the data to be updated by said updata means and the data stored in the record designated by the record designated information included in said data, and comparing updata control information included in both said data, said concurrent execution control means delivering, after updating the update control information included in the data to be updated when the update control information of both data match, data having the updated control information, while delivering data including information indicative of delete of the updata when the updata control information included in both said data do not match, said updata means, upon receiving data including, information indicative of the delete of the update, executing the updata delete, and delivering data including information indicative of completion of

...Abstract (Equivalent): A database processing device executes concurrent processing in accessing a data base through independent terminal units. The database processing device, upon updating data stored in a record after reading out the data stored in the record in the database and correcting ro altering the data through a specific terminal, confirms whether or not the data stored in the record have been updated by terminals, and executes updating only when the data have not already been updated.

...The data stored in the record includes update control information for confirming whether or not the data have been updated by other terminals...

...ADVANTAGE - Improves concurrency of processings in database system. (22pp)s

Title Terms: DATABASE ;

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-012/14 ...

... G06F-015/40

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H01C ...

... T01-J05B

33/3,K/186 (Item 147 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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010483626 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1995-384946/199550

Database management method - involves updating of data by database renewal process based on updated information

Patent Assignee: SEKISUI CHEM IND CO LTD (SEKI)
Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 7248952 A 19950926 JP 9439576 A 19940310 199550 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 9439576 A 19940310

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 7248952 A 5 G06F-012/00

Database management method...

...involves updating of data by database renewal process based on updated information

- ...Abstract (Basic): The database management method involves outputting updated information to a second computer system (S12) from a first system (S11). An abolition data memory in the first computer stores the data before the data are updated by a first processing recognition signal...
- ...A new data memory now stores the new updated data during a second processing signal. An updating information output process outputs the updated information to the second computer system along with the second processing signal and also the first processing signal. A database renewal process is provided in the second computer system with updates the ldatabase on the updating information...
- ... ADVANTAGE Provides good efficiency. Enhances secure of database conformance...

Title Terms: DATABASE ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-G03 ...

... T01-G05A ...

... T01-J05B4

33/3,K/166 (Item 127 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX

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011239405 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1997-217308/199720

XRPX Acc No: N97-179291

File renewal control method for on-line transaction system using computer - involves updating data file per block through second buffer to journal file based on log of renewal of record

Patent Assignee: TOSHIBA KK (TOKE)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
JP 9062550 A 19970307 JP 95212079 A 19950821 199720 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): JP 95212079 A 19950821

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

JP 9062550 A 8 G06F-012/00

File renewal control method for on-line transaction system using computer - ...

- ...involves updating data file per block through second buffer to journal file based on log of renewal of record
- ...Abstract (Basic): The method involves performing updating processing of a data file (14) based on the record renewal demand by a transaction (11-1-11-n). A first controller (15) performs exclusive control of simultaneous access to the record of demanded data 'file . A first buffer (16) holds the updating data temporarily and a second controller (17) performs renewal of record of demanded data file stored in the first buffer. An updating log management part (18) forms the log of renewal of the record in the first buffer...
- ...A first processing part records the formed updating log of the record unit into a journal file (20), at the time of decision of a corresponding transaction. The transaction settled updating consists are written into the data file through a second buffer (22). After appropriate time, the data file is updated for block through the second buffer to the journal file based on the renewal log by a record processing part...
- ...ADVANTAGE Enables to perform renewal of data file, without affecting transaction control, thus improving parallel execution nature of transaction...

Title Terms: FILE ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-015/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-F02C

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(Item 120 from file: 350)
33/3,K/159
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
011584858
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-001987/199801
XRPX Acc No: N98-001531
   Storage management system for client server system - in which
  storage management server
                              stores primary
                                                 copies and additional
 back-up copies of client data files on sets of storage
                                                               volumes
  organised into storage pools
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC ); IBM CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: CANNON D M; KACZMARSKI M A; WARREN D P
Number of Countries: 006 Number of Patents: 007
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                          Kind
                                                 Date
                                                         Week
EP 809184
              Al 19971126 EP 97303323
                                               19970515
                                         Α
                                                        199801
JP 10074168
                  19980317
                            JP 97122409
              Α
                                               19970513
                                           Α
                                                        199821
KR 97076238
                  19971212
                           KR 9711432
              Α
                                          Α
                                               19970329
                                                        199849
US 6148412
              Α
                  20001114
                           US 96652042
                                          Α
                                               19960523
                                                        200060
                            US 97922496
                                          Α
                                              19970903
EP 809184
              B1 20020731
                           EP 97303323
                                          Α
                                              19970515
                                                         200257
DE 6920714344 E
                  20020905
                           DE 97614344
                                          Α
                                             19970515
                                                        200266
                            EP 97303323
                                             19970515
                                           Α
              B2 20040614
JP 3538766
                           JP 97122409
                                               19970513
                                                        200439
                                           Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 96652042 A 19960523; US 97922496 A
  19970903
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pq
                        Main IPC
                                   Filing Notes
EP 809184
             A1 E 18 G06F-011/14
  Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
JP 10074168 A 19 G06F-012/16
KR 97076238
                      G06F-007/06
            Α
US 6148412
                      H02H-003/05
                                   Cont of application US 96652042
             Α
EP 809184
             B1 E
                      G06F-011/14
  Designated States (Regional): DE FR GB
DE 6920714344 E
                      G06F-011/14
                                   Based on patent EP 809184
                   20 G06F-012/00
JP 3538766
             B2
                                   Previous Publ. patent JP 10074168
  Storage management system for client server system...
...in which storage management server
                                        stores primary
                                                           copies and
```

- ...in which storage management server stores primary copies and additional back-up copies of client data files on sets of storage volumes organised into storage pools
- ...Abstract (Basic): The processing system uses a client server configuration and provides a system for managing multiple copies of client data files. A server coupled to a number of client systems organises sets of storage volumes into storage pools. Primary copies of the client data files are stored in primary storage pools, while additional back-up copies of the client data files are stored in secondary storage pools or copy storage pools...
- ...A server database maintains directory information about the original client data file and reference information about the location of multiple file copies within the server. A storage manager provides a control centre within the server, directing and coordinating the transfer of files between the various storage pools, and updating the server database with directory and reference location information...

```
...USE - Generating and managing multiple copies of client data
    files within storage management server system, by providing
    availability and recovery of files using copy storage pools...

...ADVANTAGE - Multiple copies of client data files improves
    availability and recovery of client data files in event of failures
    within processing system...

Title Terms: STORAGE;
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/06 ...

... G06F-011/14 ...

... G06F-012/16
International Patent Class (Additional): G06F-013/00 ...
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-G03 ...

... T01-H07C5A ...

... T01-H07C5S ...
```

... T01-J05B4P

33/3,K/139 (Item 100 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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011869391 **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 1998-286301/199825

XRPX Acc No: N98-225110

Cache control method in general purpose large sized computer system - involves deciding order of writing update record into storage device based on update generation identifier of update record during writing update record in cache into storage device

Patent Assignee: HITACHI LTD (HITA)

Inventor: KANAI S

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week US 5748985 A 19980505 US 9376856 A 19930615 199825 B

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 9376856 A 19930615

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

US 5748985 A 26 G06F-012/00

Cache control method in general purpose large sized computer system...

- ...involves deciding order of writing update record into storage device based on update generation identifier of update record during writing update record in cache into storage device
- ... Abstract (Basic): The method involves a check point request with check point identifier to a cache controller (20) from a CPU (10) for executing a program. An update generation identifier corresponding to the check point identifier of the check point request is generated by cache controller in response to the check point request. The update generation identifier indicates whether the update record in the cache to be written into a storage device is first written into the cache in response to the update request. The update record is written in the cache by the cache controller in response to the update request...
- ... The completion of write operation is notified by the cache controller to the CPU, when the update record is written into the cache. The update record in the cache is written into the storage device by the cache controller . The update generation identifier generated at the last check point with the update record is written as update generation identifier of update record into cache if update generation identifier of updated record is not writing recorded . During update record in cache into the storage device, the order of writing the update record into storage device is decided based on update generation identifier of update record .

...Improves input processing efficiency. Increases effectiveness of output processing. Reduces time taken for recovery of **data**. Improves system performance

... Title Terms: COMPUTER;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-012/00

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-H01C4 ...

... **TO**1-H03A

```
(Item 53 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2005 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
014107618
            **Image available**
WPI Acc No: 2001-591830/200167
XRPX Acc No: N01-441010
             updating apparatus compares state data segment with
   Database
  current data segment, based on which current data segment is updated
   to reflect updated modifiable
                                   data segment
Patent Assignee: INT BUSINESS MACHINES CORP (IBMC )
Inventor: HO S; WATTS V L
Number of Countries: 002 Number of Patents: 003
Patent Family:
Patent No
             Kind
                    Date
                            Applicat No
                                          Kind
                                                 Date
                                         Α
GB 2356949
                  20010606 GB 200018163
                                               20000726
             Α
                                                        200167
US 6401103
              B1 20020604
                            US 99369943
                                           Α
                                               19990806 200242
GB 2356949
              В
                  20031210
                           GB 200018163
                                           Α
                                               20000726 200404
Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99369943 A 19990806
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                   Filing Notes
GB 2356949
                   33 G06F-017/30
            Α
             В1
US 6401103
                      G06F-017/30
GB 2356949
             В
                      G06F-017/30
   Database
             updating
                      apparatus compares state data segment with
  current data segment, based on which current data segment is updated
   to reflect updated modifiable data segment
Abstract (Basic):
          The memory device stores module executable by the processor
    . A transaction manager module retrieves original data segment
   from the database in response to search request from the user. A
   data segment duplicator module generates a modifiable
    segment and a state data segment based on the original
    segment, for transmission to a remote site. The state data segment is
   compared with current data segment, based on which current data
   segment, is updated .
          a) Database accessing method...
...b) Recording medium for storing
                                      database accessing program...
.:.c) Database
                 updating method...
...d) Recording medium for storing
                                                 updating program...
                                      database
... For accessing and editing records of database across internet while
    maintaining data integrity...
... Provides an optimistic locking mechanism which allows internet access to
    database while maintaining data integrity in such a web
    environment. Provides optimistic locking system that is capable of
   reliably...
... The figure shows the block diagram of system for employing internet
    enabled data locking system...
Title Terms: DATABASE ;
International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/30
Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J05B
```

33/3,K/92

33/3,K/90 (Item 51 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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014537130 **Image available**

WPI Acc No: 2002-357833/200239

synchronization system and operation method

Patent Assignee: SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO LTD (SMSU)

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Date Applicat No Kind Kind Date Week KR 2001066852 A 20010711 KR 200033473 20000617 200239 B Α

20030702 KR 200033473 KR 389839 В Α 20000617 200406

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99461072 A 19991214

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes

1 G06F-017/40 KR 2001066852 A

KR 389839 G06F-017/40 Previous Publ. patent KR 2001066852 В

Data synchronization system and operation method

Abstract (Basic):

A data synchronization system and an operation method are provided to judge whether data is updated in real time even though the data are frequently changed , and to accurately synchronize data in a copy data file and a source data file on a communication network.

A data synchronizer is composed of a great volume of copy controller and an update controller. The great volume of copy controller copies a plurality of...

... source data file to a copy data file. The update controller detects whether a data record previously copied from the source record file to the copy data file using the great volume of copy controller is changed . In addition, the update controller copies the data record changed from the data copy data file .

Title Terms: DATA ;

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-017/40

Manual Codes (EPI/S-X): T01-J07A

THIS

APPLICATION,

B KOREAN

VERSION

33/3,K/34 (Item 34 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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03513868 **Image available**

DATA UPDATING AND PROCESSING SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 03-176768 [JP 3176768 A] PUBLISHED: July 31, 1991 (19910731)

INVENTOR(s): OTOGAO HAJIME

APPLICANT(s): TOSHIBA CORP [000307] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 01-315489 [JP 89315489] FILED: December 06, 1989 (19891206)

JOURNAL: Section: P, Section No. 1269, Vol. 15, No. 426, Pg. 143,

October 29, 1991 (19911029)

DATA UPDATING AND PROCESSING SYSTEM

INTL CLASS: G06F-015/22; G06F-015/20
...JAPIO CLASS: Computer Applications)

ABSTRACT

PURPOSE: To improve the efficiency of data processing by comparing the data stored in a writing position with the data held in a data holding means, and when both the data coincide with each other, permitting the writing of the updating data.

. . .

...CONSTITUTION: An updating identification module 15 reads out the stored on an updating data writing position at present line data from a processing objective file 16 and decides whether the read data are the same as the line data stored in an unupdated data area 14 or not. When both the data are different from each other, the line data to updated have been already updated by another computer device is in the file 16 is inhibited. When both the data decided and writing are the same, the updating processing of the current computer device is regarded as the initial updating /processing and the updating /processing of the line data to be updated , i.e. writing in the file 16, is permitted. Thus, plural computer devices can simultaneously execute tabulating processing.

33/3,K/25 (Item 25 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R) File 347: JAPIO

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05814408 **Image available**

PROCESS TAKING-OVER METHOD OF PARALLEL PROCESSING SYSTEM

PUB. NO.: 10-097508 [JP 10097508 A] PUBLISHED: April 14, 1998 (19980414)

INVENTOR(s): KANAZAWA YUJI

APPLICANT(s): FUJITSU LTD [000522] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP

(Japan)

APPL. NO.: 08-251215 [JP 96251215] FILED: September 24, 1996 (19960924)

PROCESS TAKING-OVER METHOD OF PARALLEL PROCESSING SYSTEM

INTL CLASS: G06F-015/16; G06F-015/16; G06F-011/20; G06F-019/00
...JAPIO CLASS: Computer Applications); 45.1 (INFORMATION PROCESSING...

...Arithmetic Sequence Units)

ABSTRACT

...BE SOLVED: To prevent the restart of a processing from being delayed without lowering a parallel processing speed with respect to the process taking-over method for the parallel processing system which adds an anti-fault function to a parallel processor.

. . .

...SOLUTION: This process taking-over method has a parallel processor 1 which performs plural processing in parallel , a processor 2 which takes over operation and performs a processing if the parallel processor 1 gets out of order, and a data storage means 3 which is accessed by the parallel processor 1 and processor 2 and stores data , and the parallel processor 1 after altering 1st data alters 2nd data relating to the 1st data . In this case, the parallel processor 1 has double data allowing a temporarily contradictious state, alters one without exclusive control and reads out the other data , and performs exclusive control over the other data and transfers the other to the processor 2, which takes over and performs the processing by using the transferred data as an initial value if the parallel processor 1 gets out of order.

```
Set
        Items
                 Description
      3142643
S1
                 COPY? OR COPIE? OR WRITE? OR STORE? OR RECORD?
S2
      1310302
                 WRITING? OR WRITTEN? OR STORING? OR STORAG?
S3
     10166913
                 CONTROLLER? OR MODULE? OR UNIT? OR SERVER? OR APPARATUS? OR
              COMPUTER? OR HARDWARE? OR PROCESSOR?
S4
      8198538
                 UPDATE? OR UPDATING? OR UPGRAD? OR AMEND? OR CHANGE? OR MO-
             DIF? OR ALTER?
S5
      5019067
                 DETECT? OR TRACK? OR MONITOR? OR ASCERTAIN? OR AUDIT?
                 RECOGN? OR EVALUAT? OR ANALY? OR ASSESS? OR DETERMIN?
S6
     21124120
S7
                 SYNCHRON? OR "SAME"() TIME? OR CONTEMPORAN? OR SIMULTAN? OR
      1430874
             SYNC????
S8
      7961422
                 CONCURREN? OR COINCID? OR DURING? OR WHILE? OR WHILST? OR -
             PARALLEL?
                 PLURAL? OR MULTIP? OR MULTITUD? OR SEVERAL? OR MANY OR NUM-
S9
      8704685
             EROUS? OR BULK? OR VOLUM?
      8231508
S10
                 DATA? OR FILE? OR TABLE? ? OR RECORD? ?
S11
      9037041
                FIRST? OR INITIAL? OR BEGINNING? OR PRIMARY? OR 1ST OR SOU-
                 ORIGINAL? OR ONSET? OR EARLIEST? OR PREMIER? OR SEMINAL?
S12
      1388462
S13
     10169923
                 2ND OR SECOND? OR ANOTHER? OR OTHER? OR ADDITIONAL? OR NUM-
             BER()(2 OR TWO)
                 EXTRA? OR BACKUP? OR AUXILIARY? OR DESTINATION?
S14
      2185162
S15
        60893
                INTRODUCTORY? OR NUMBER() (ONE OR 1) OR LEADOFF? OR LEAD?()-
        29312
S16
                S1:S2 AND S4 AND S3 AND S7:S8 AND S10
S17
                S16 AND S1:S2(5N)S3 AND S4:S6(5N)S3 AND S1:S2(5N)S7:S8
          355
         4705
                S16 AND S10(5N)S1:S2(7N)S7:S8
S18
S19
          581
                S18 AND S10(5N)(S11:S15)(7N)S7:S8
S20
         2995
                S18 AND S4 AND S5:S6
S21
          341
                S9(5N)S10 AND S19:S20
S22
         1139
                S17 OR S19 OR S21
S23
           48
                S22 AND S17 AND (S19 OR S21)
S24
          111
                S22 AND S19 AND (S17 OR S21)
S25
          112
                S22 AND S21 AND (S17 OR S19)
S26
          133
                S23:S25
S27
           94
                S26 AND PY<2000
S28
           75
                RD (unique items)
       2:INSPEC 1969-2005/Oct W1
File
         (c) 2005 Institution of Electrical Engineers
       6:NTIS 1964-2005/Oct W1
File
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      35:Dissertation Abs Online 1861-2005/Sep
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      94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Aug W2
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         (c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.
File 111:TGG Natl.Newspaper Index(SM) 1979-2005/Oct 11
         (c) 2005 The Gale Group
File 144: Pascal 1973-2005/Oct W1
         (c) 2005 INIST/CNRS
File 239:Mathsci 1940-2005/Nov
         (c) 2005 American Mathematical Society
File 256: TecInfoSource 82-2005/Nov
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28/3,K/18 (Item 5 from file: 6)
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DIALOG(R) File 6:NTIS

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1547423 NTIS Accession Number: N90-29976/9

Low Cost Management of Replicated Data in Fault-Tolerant Distributed Systems

Joseph, T. A.; Birman, K. P.

Cornell Univ., Ithaca, NY.

Corp. Source Codes: 000607000; C5729333

Sponsor: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

Report No.: NAS 1.26:186370; NASA-CR-186370

c1990 17p

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI9104; STAR2824

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NTIS Prices: PC A03/MF A01

Low Cost Management of Replicated Data in Fault-Tolerant Distributed Systems

Many distributed systems replicate data for fault tolerance or availability. In such systems, a logical update on a data item results in a physical update on a number of copies. The synchronization and communication required to keep the copies of replicated data consistent introduce a delay when operations are performed. A technique is described that relaxes the usual degree of synchronization, permitting replicated data items to be updated concurrently with other operations, while at the same time ensuring that correctness is not violated. The additional concurrency thus obtained results in better response time when performing operations on replicated data. How this technique performs in conjunction with a roll-back and a roll-forward failure...

Descriptors: *Compute r networks; * Data management; *Distributed processing; *Fault tolerance; *On-line systems; *Operating systems (Computers); Computer systems design; Computer systems performance; Concurrent processing; Data retrieval; Synchronism; System failures

28/3,K/24 (Item 11 from file: 6)
DIALOG(R)File 6:NTIS

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0745162 NTIS Accession Number: AD-A062 967/5/XAB

Data Synchronization **Schemes for** Multiple Copied Data **Bases** (Final technical rept. Jan-Jun 78)

Lee, C. H.

Syracuse Univ NY

Corp. Source Codes: 339600 Report No.: RADC-TR-78-240

Dec 78 143p Languages: English

Languages: English

Journal Announcement: GRAI7910

Order this product from NTIS by: phone at 1-800-553-NTIS (U.S. customers); (703)605-6000 (other countries); fax at (703)321-8547; and email at orders@ntis.fedworld.gov. NTIS is located at 5285 Port Royal Road, Springfield, VA, 22161, USA.

NTIS Prices: PC A07/MF A01

Synchronization Schemes for Multiple Copied Data Bases In the network environment with distributed multiple - copied a lockout mechanism is required to guarantee the data synchronization . access requests from geographically dispersed computer nodes have to be coordinated to maintain consistency of multiple - copied The advantages of a multiple - copied file in a loosely coupled communication network are its reliability to partial network failures and good response to real time file manipulation. In this report, the fundamental problems relating to the lockout synchronization of a multiple - copied file are presented from a new point of view. It can be shown that the file lockout state of the distributed multiple copes is an inherent characteristic of the **file** manipulation operations. The objective of this work was to determine the performance of data synchronization techniques in the maintenance of distributed multiplein a computer network using G.P.S.S. simulation. The copied files system visualized is a set of identical copies of a file residing in nodes that form a computer network. Each file is supervised by a Local Manager (L.F.M.) which is under a control scheme to maintain the congruency and consistency of these files by synchronizing the file updating information. This is achieved by locking out the access and file copies once an L.F.M. was granted the right of updating a file for a particular user. (Author)

Descriptors: *Dat a management; *Communications networks; *
Synchronization (Electronics); *Computer files; Information theory;
Data bases; Computer programming; Distribution; Information transfer;
Real time; Simulation languages

Identifiers: *Updating; Computer networks; Distributed data bases;
Lockout synchronization; GPSS programming language; NTISDODXA

28/3,K/37 (Item 9 from file: 8)
DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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04265025 E.I. No: EIP95102884315

Title: Data and computation transformations for multiprocessors Author: Anderson, Jennifer M.; Amarasinghe, Saman P.; Lam, Monica S.

Corporate Source: Stanford Univ, Stanford, CA, USA

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 5th ACM SIGPLAN Symposium on Principles and Practice of Parallel Programming

Conference Location: Santa Barbara, CA, USA Conference Date: 19950719-19950721

E.I. Conference No.: 43728

Source: Proceedings of the ACM SIGPLAN Symposium on Principles and Practice of Parallel Programming, PPOPP 1995. ACM, New York, NY, USA. p 166-178

Publication Year: 1995

CODEN: 002167 Language: English

Title: Data and computation transformations for multiprocessors ... Abstract: performance of modem multiprocessor architectures. We have developed the first compiler system that fully automatically parallelizes sequential programs and changes the original array layouts to improve memory system performance. Our optimization algorithm consists of two steps. The first step chooses the parallelization and computation assignment such that synchronization and data sharing are minimized. The second step then restructures the layout of the data in the shared address space with an algorithm that is based on a new data transformation framework. We ran our compiler on a set of application programs and measured their performance on the Stanford DASH multiprocessor. Our results show that the compiler can effectively optimize parallelism in conjunction with memory subsystem performance. (Author abstract) 35 Refs.

Descriptors: *Paralle 1 processing systems; Hierarchical systems; Digital storage; Parallel algorithms; Optimization; Computational complexity; Data structures; Program compilers; Computer architecture; Computational methods

28/3,K/42 (Item 14 from file: 8)

DIALOG(R)File 8:Ei Compendex(R)

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03409526 E.I. Monthly No: EI9204044773

Title: A hybrid scheme for processing data structures in a dataflow environment.

Author: Lee, Ben; Hurson, A. R.; Shirazi, Behrooz

Corporate Source: Dept of Electr & Comput Eng, Oregon State Univ, Corvallis, OR, USA

Source: IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems Jan 1992 p 83-96

Publication Year: 1992

CODEN: ITDSEO ISSN: 1045-9219

Language: English

Title: A hybrid scheme for processing data structures in a dataflow environment.

Abstract: The asynchronous nature of the dataflow model of computation allows the exploitation of maximum inherent parallelism in many application programs. However, before the dataflow model of computation can become a viable alternative to the control flow model of computation, one has to find practical solutions to some major problems such as efficient handling of data structures. This paper introduces a new model for handling data structures in a dataflow environment. The proposed model combines constant time access capabilities of vectors as well as the flexibility inherent in the concept of pointers. This allows a careful balance between copying and sharing to optimize the storage and processing overhead incurred during the operations on data structures. The model is compared by simulation to other data structure models proposed in the literature, and the results are good. 38 Refs.

Descriptors: *COMPUTE R SYSTEMS, DIGITAL...

... Parallel Processing; COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE; DATA PROCESSING...

... Data Structures

Identifiers: DATAFLOW COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE

28/3,K/59 (Item 3 from file: 35)
DIALOG(R)File 35:Dissertation Abs Online
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01598818 ORDER NO: AAD98-00728

MAINTAINING CONSISTENCY IN MOBILE SYSTEMS (ASYMMETRIC CHANNELS, MOBILE COMPUTING, CACHE CONSISTENCY, DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS)

Author: GURIJALA, ANIL KUMAR REDDY

Degree: PH.D. Year: **1997**

Corporate Source/Institution: TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY (0803)

Source: VOLUME 58/07-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 3820. 88 PAGES

Year: 1997

In the client- **server** based systems, **data** is cached at clients to improve the performance. When **data** items are **updated** at the **server**, inconsistency arises among these **copies**. Maintaining consistency is one of the major issues in these systems. This problem is more...

...to improve the scalability. In these channels, the clients do not send requests to the **server**. The **server** continuously broadcasts the **data** over the channel. The clients listen to the channel and access the required **data** whenever it is broadcast. To improve the performance, the clients cache **data**. Consistency problems arise when the **data** is **updated** at the **server**. Two schemes, immediate propagation scheme and invalidation scheme, are used in the traditional systems. The performance of these schemes in the one-way broadcast channels is **analyzed**.

Many other issues arise while using these schemes in this environment. Some of these issues, like missing updates, effect on the tuning time and tolerating communication errors, are discussed.

The mobility of clients is another parameter that affects consistency and performance in distributed systems. In distributed systems, data is often replicated at multiple servers. Data copies at these servers are periodically synchronized to reduce the communication overhead. But, in a mobile system, a client often moves from place to place. If the servers are not in consistent state, it has to access from the previous server, which incurs a high communication cost. An optimal period of synchronization which depends on the mobility rate of clients is calculated. Similarly, various schemes that are used to improve the data access time of a mobile client are analyzed.

28/3,K/60 (Item 4 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R) File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

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01577717 ORDER NO: AAD97-19265

CONCURRENT DATA STREAMS WITH HETEROGENEOUS DEVICES (PARALLEL PROCESSING)

Author: MYLLYMAKI, JUSSI PETRI

Degree: PH.D. Year: 1997

Corporate Source/Institution: THE UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN - MADISON (

0262)

Source: VOLUME 58/05-B OF DISSERTATION ABSTRACTS INTERNATIONAL.

PAGE 2511. 160 PAGES

CONCURRENT DATA STREAMS WITH HETEROGENEOUS DEVICES (PARALLEL PROCESSING)

Year: 1997

Descriptors: COMPUTER SCIENCE

The ability to access several datasets concurrently on heterogeneous storage devices is becoming increasingly important for data -intensive applications, including database, data mining, and data visualization systems. The basic problem faced by applications is that while datasets can reside on a variety of storage systems such as secondary, tertiary, and network storage, the CPU can only operate on memory-resident data. Practical solutions are required to allow applications to move datasets from heterogeneous storage devices into memory and back to the devices while maximizing data transfer efficiency and minimizing the amount of time the CPU waits for I/O.

A key factor in achieving high data transfer efficiency is to exploit I/O concurrency . The continually increasing performance gap between CPUs and storage devices has made it imperative for the computer system to perform data transfers on several storage devices concurrently . Operating systems have traditionally attempted to increase I/O concurrency and reduce the amount of time the CPU waits for I/O by overlapping the CPU processing of one application with the I/Os of another (inter-application I/O concurrency). An alternative is to overlap the CPU processing of a single application with its own data transfers (intra-application I/O concurrency). Current trends in computing technology are making the latter approach increasingly important. The transition of processing from the mainframe to the desktop, changes in processor and storage device technologies, and the emergence of the World Wide Web are all contributing to the shift in the nature of I/O concurrency .

The goal of the research presented in this thesis is to explore data buffering mechanisms and policies which allow applications to exploit I/O concurrency on heterogeneous storage devices. The central theme of the research is application-driven I/O concurrency. The first part of this thesis focuses on the performance characteristics of storage devices and I/O interfaces. Next, we describe a buffer management system which allows applications to access data on heterogeneous devices efficiently, concurrently, and uniformly. In the third part of the thesis, we examine three applications which use the buffer manager: the DEVise data visualization system, a file sorting application, and a relational join.

28/3,K/63 (Item 7 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R) File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

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HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE SUPPORT FOR SYNCHRONIZATION AND DATA PARALLEL OPERATIONS

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HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE SUPPORT FOR SYNCHRONIZATION AND DATA PARALLEL OPERATIONS

Year: 1993

Scalable parallel computers must take advantage of the differences between sharing behaviors exhibited by synchronization and shared data accesses. Due to the way parallel programs are generally written , synchronization accesses tend to exhibit greater degree, both in number of processes involved as well as duration, of sharing than do shared data accesses. Although there are far fewer memory locations used for synchronization , their percentage of total references to shared memory is much higher, reaching as high as 50-70%, than that of shared data accesses. Parallel computers designed to handle shared data accesses well may not perform well with applications that exhibit frequent synchronization , due to large number of access conflicts the synchronization references generate. Parallel computers designed to handle both well are expensive to build since some form of combining mechanism...

...deal with large number of access conflicts. This thesis proposes that a combination of simple hardware and software synchronization schemes can meet the requirements of scalable computers, provided that synchronization be handled separately from shared data accesses. To do so, scalable computers must first provide support for atomic operations that require minimum coherency and atomicity overhead, that are easily extensible to handle multiple synchronization variables, and that are available at the programming language level to ensure the use of simple and efficient solutions. This thesis describes a way to make read—modify—write instructions work with coherent caches, proposes a small cache to separately store synchronization variables, and proposes lock space to grant a process exclusive access to it. Scalable computers must then handle high rate of access conflicts caused by synchronization references. This thesis proposes two solutions. The first is to use a bit-serial network...

...to a memory location in \$O(log\sb{n})\$ time, n being the number of processors in the system. The second is to further reduce synchronization latency by overlapping it with computation in software. Scalable computers must also support data parallel programming model to harness from the biggest potential source of parallelism in the easiest way. The bit-serial combining network also provides many useful data parallel operators.

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ON-LINE PROCESSING IN LARGE-SCALE TRANSACTION SYSTEMS (DATABASE , QUERY PROCESSING)

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ON-LINE PROCESSING IN LARGE-SCALE TRANSACTION SYSTEMS (DATABASE , QUERY PROCESSING)

Year: 1992

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In this thesis, we provide techniques to adapt current database technology to account for the following trends that can be observed in database management system (DBMS) usage: (1) DBMSs are being increasingly used in applications, like computerized stock trading, that have very high transaction rates. (2) Database sizes are growing rapidly, and future databases are expected to be several orders of magnitude larger than the largest databases in operation today. (3) Next generation DBMSs are expected to gravitate more and more towards...

...day) operation.

In order to handle high transaction rates, future DBMSs have to use highly concurrent algorithms for managing often-used auxiliary data structures like indices. To better understand the performance of concurrency control algorithms for index access, we first compare the performance of B-tree concurrency control algorithms using a simulation model of a centralized DBMS. Our performance study compares a...

 \dots structures, and workloads. Based on the performance results, we characterize how specific details of a **concurrency** control algorithm can enhance or reduce **concurrency** .

On-line DBMS utilities are an important step towards achieving the goal of 24 \$\times\$ 7 operation for very large databases. This thesis addresses issues involved in executing on-line utilities by developing several new algorithms for on-line index construction. These algorithms each permit an index to be built while the corresponding data is concurrently accessed for reads and writes. A comprehensive performance study of the proposed on-line index construction algorithms is used to determine the best candidate for use in a DBMS.

Applying the techniques used for on-line index construction to query processing leads to a new, highly concurrent method of query execution called compensation-based query processing. In this new approach to query processing, concurrent updates to any data participating in a query are communicated to the query's on-line query processor, which then compensates for these updates so that the final answer reflects changes caused by the updates. Very high concurrency is achieved by locking data only briefly, at the tuple-level, while still delivering transaction-consistent answers to queries.